

1

1. $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ функция, $x_0 \in \mathbb{R}$. (7)

2. $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ функция, $x_0 \in \mathbb{R}$. (4)
2. $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ функция, $x_0 \in \mathbb{R}$. (4)

3. $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ функция, $x_0 \in \mathbb{R}$. (10)

1. $z_1, z_2 \in \mathbb{C}$. $|z_1 \cdot z_2| = |z_1| \cdot |z_2|$

2. $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ функция, f — 1-1

3. $f, g: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ функции, $x_0 \in \mathbb{R}$. $f(x) < g(x)$ при $x \rightarrow x_0$.
: $\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} f(x) < \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} g(x)$

4. $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ функция, $x_1, x_2 \in \mathbb{R}$.
 $f(x_1) < f(x_2)$, $x_1 < x_2$. f — μ на (x_1, x_2)

5. $\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} \frac{f(x) - f(x_0)}{x - x_0} = +\infty$, $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ функция, $x_0 \in \mathbb{R}$

2

$g(x) = \ln(x-1)$, $f(x) = 2015 + |\ln(x-1)|$.
 $M(2, g(2))$. (4)

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{\ln(x-1)}{x-2} = 1$. (2)
 $f'(x)$. (9)

$v: y = k$, $k > 2015$.

1. C_f — множество точек $A(x_1, y_1)$ и $B(x_2, y_2)$. (5)

2. C_f — множество точек $A(x_1, y_1)$ и $B(x_2, y_2)$. (5)

3

$$f : [0,1) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

μ

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x) - 5}{x} = 3$$

$$2y \sim (x-1) \leq (x-1)f(x) \leq x^2 - 1$$

$$x \in (0,1).$$

μ

C_f

$$O(0, f(0)).$$

(4)

$$\mu \quad g((0,1))$$

$$g(x) = f(x) - \ln x - 3. \quad (7)$$

$$C_h \quad \mu \quad h(x) = e^{f(x)-3} \quad \mu$$

μ

1

μ

μ

μ

(8)

$$xe^{a+3} = e^{f(x)} \quad (0,1)$$

μ

(6)

4

$$f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow (-2, +\infty)$$

$$g : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^*$$

$$x^4 - 4x^3 + 11x^2 - 14x + 10 = 0 \quad (1)$$

\mathbb{C}

μ

μ

$$z_1 = f(a) + g(s)i$$

$$z_2 = g(a) + f(s)i$$

$$a < s.$$

(1).

(6)

$$f(s) = -1, \quad g(s) = 2$$

C_f

C_g

μ

$$M(a,1). \quad (6)$$

f g

μ

μ

μ

μ

C_f

C_g

(4)

$$f(x) = 0 \quad \mu$$

(4)

$$\dots = \frac{g^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) + f^{-1}(0)}{2}$$

$$(a, s).$$

(5)

:3

!

(1) .217

(1) 1. .194
2. .191(1) 1-
2-
3-
4-
5-

(2)

$$g(x) = \ln(x-1)$$

$$x-1 > 0 \Rightarrow x > 1 \quad A_g = (1, +\infty)$$

$$g \quad A_g = (1, +\infty)$$

 $\mu \mu$

$$g'(x) = \frac{1}{x-1} (x-1)' = \frac{1}{x-1}$$

 $\mu \quad (2, g(2)) \quad :$

$$y - g(2) = g'(2)(x-2) \Rightarrow y - 0 = 1(x-2) \Rightarrow y = x - 2$$

(2B)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{\ln(x-1)}{x-2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{g(x) - g(2)}{x-2} \stackrel{f' \dots / -y}{=} g'(2) = 1$$

(2)

$$f(x) = 2015 + |\ln(x-1)| = \begin{cases} 2015 + \ln(x-1) & r \in \ln(x-1) \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \geq 2 \\ 2015 - \ln(x-1) & r \in \ln(x-1) < 0 \Rightarrow 1 < x < 2 \end{cases}$$

$$f \quad \mu \quad (1, 2) \quad | \quad r \in (2, +\infty)$$

2:

$$\mu \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x) = f(2) = 2015$$

2.

f

$$x > 2 \quad f \quad \mu$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{x-1}$$

$$1 < x < 2 \quad f \quad \mu$$

$$f'(x) = -\frac{1}{x-1}$$

$$\mu \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{f(x) - f(2)}{x-2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{\ln(x-1)}{x-2} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} \frac{f(x) - f(2)}{x-2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} \frac{-\ln(x-1)}{x-2} = -1$$

 $\mu :$

$$f'(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{x-1} & \text{r€ } x > 2 \\ -\frac{1}{x-1} & \text{r€ } 1 < x < 2 \end{cases}$$

(2 1)

$$v : y = k \quad \mu \quad k > 2015$$

$$) \quad x > 2 \quad f(x) = k \Rightarrow \ln(x-1) + 2015 = k \Rightarrow x-1 = e^{k-2015} \Rightarrow x = 1 + e^{k-2015} > 2$$

$$\mu \quad A(1 + e^{k-2015}, k)$$

$$) \quad 1 < x < 2 \quad f(x) = k \Rightarrow -\ln(x-1) + 2015 = k \Rightarrow x-1 = e^{2015-k} \Rightarrow x = 1 + e^{2015-k} < 2$$

$$\mu \quad B(1 + e^{2015-k}, k)$$

$$C_f \quad \mu \quad y = k \quad 2 \quad \mu \quad .$$

(2 2)

$$\mu \quad : \\ \} _1 = f'(1 + e^{k-2015}) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{k-2015} - 1} = \frac{1}{e^{k-2015}} = \frac{e^{2015}}{e^k}$$

$$\mu \quad : \\ \} _2 = f'(1 + e^{2015-k}) = \frac{-1}{1 + e^{2015-k} - 1} = \frac{-1}{e^{2015-k}} = -\frac{e^k}{e^{2015}}$$

$$\} _1 \cdot \} _2 = \left(\frac{e^{2015}}{e^k} \right) \cdot \left(-\frac{e^k}{e^{2015}} \right) = -1$$

3

(3)

$$g(x) = \frac{f(x) - 5}{x} \quad \mu \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} g(x) = 3$$

$$f(x) = xg(x) + 5 \Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (xg(x) + 5) = 5 \Rightarrow f(0) = 5$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x) - f(0)}{x - 0} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x) - 5}{x} = 3 \quad \mu \quad 0 \quad f'(0) = 3$$

$$y - f(0) = f'(0)(x - 0) \Rightarrow y - 5 = 3x \Rightarrow y = 3x + 5$$

(3)

$$g(x) = f(x) - \ln x - 3 \quad \mu \quad = (0, 1)$$

$$x_1, x_2 \in (0, 1) \sim \forall x_1 < x_2 \Rightarrow f(x_1) > f(x_2) \quad (1) \quad (f \quad . \quad)$$

$$x_1 < x_2 \Rightarrow \ln x_1 < \ln x_2 \Rightarrow -\ln x_1 > -\ln x_2 \Rightarrow -\ln x_1 - 3 > -\ln x_2 - 3 \quad (2)$$

$$\mu \quad (1) \quad (2) \quad \mu \quad g(x_1) > g(x_2) \quad g$$

(0, 1).

g

= (0, 1)

$$\text{Bolzano} \quad \mu \quad \mu \quad g((0, 1)) = \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} g(x), \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} g(x) \right) = (-1, +\infty) \quad :$$

$$2y - (x-1) \leq (x-1)f(x) \leq x^2 - 1 \Rightarrow \frac{2y - (x-1)}{(x-1)} \leq f(x) \leq x+1 \quad x \in (0, 1)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{2y - (x-1)^{u=x-1}}{(x-1)} = \lim_{u \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{2y - u}{u} = 2 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} (x+1) = 2 \quad \mu$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} f(x) = 2.$$

$$\mu \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} g(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} (f(x) - \ln x - 3) = 2 - 3 = -1$$

$$\mu \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} g(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} (f(x) - \ln x - 3) = +\infty \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x) = f(0) = 5 \quad \text{rZ} \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \ln x = -\infty$$

(3)

$$h(x) = x \Leftrightarrow e^{f(x)-3} = x \Leftrightarrow f(x) - 3 = \ln x \Leftrightarrow g(x) = 0$$

$$0 \in g((0,1)) \quad g(x) = 0 \quad \mu \quad (0,1).$$

$$\mu \quad y=x \quad \mu \quad h(x) = x \quad \mu \quad (0,1) \quad \mu \quad h(x)$$

(3)

$$xe^{a+3} = e^{f(x)} \Leftrightarrow f(x) = \ln(xe^{a+3}) \Leftrightarrow f(x) = \ln x + \ln e^{a+3} \Leftrightarrow f(x) = \ln x + a + 3 \Leftrightarrow g(x) = a$$

$$g((0,1)) = (-1, +\infty) :$$

$$) \quad a \leq -1 \quad a \notin g((0,1)) \quad g(x) = a \quad (0,1)$$

$$) \quad > -1 \quad a \in g((0,1)) \quad g(x) = a \quad \mu \quad (0,1)$$

4

(4)

$$\mu \quad (x^2 - Sx + P) \quad \mu \quad \mu \quad 2 \quad \mu$$

$$\mu \quad z = 1 \pm i \quad z = 1 \pm 2i$$

$$\mu \quad S \quad \mu$$

$$\mu \quad \mu \quad \mu \quad \mu \quad \mu$$

$$x^4 - 4x^3 + 11x^2 - 14x + 10 = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$(x^2 - 2x + 2)(x^2 - 2x + 5) = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$x^2 - 2x + 2 = 0 \quad x^2 - 2x + 5 = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$z = 1 \pm i \quad z = 1 \pm 2i$$

_____ :

$$\mu \quad \mu \quad \mu \quad 2 \quad \mu \quad \mu$$

$$(x^2 + |x + \}) (x^2 + \sim x + \epsilon) = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$x^4 + (\sim + |)x^3 + (\epsilon + | \sim + \})x^2 + (|\epsilon + \} \sim) x + \} \epsilon = 0$$

$$\mu \quad \mu$$

$$\begin{cases} \sim + | = -4 \\ \{ \epsilon + | \sim + \} = 11 \\ | \{ \epsilon + \} \sim = -14 \\ \} \epsilon = 10 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} | = -2 \\ \} = 2 \\ \sim = -2 \\ \epsilon = 5 \end{cases} \quad \mu \quad :$$

$$\begin{aligned} x^4 - 4x^3 + 11x^2 - 14x + 10 &= 0 \Rightarrow \\ (x^2 - 2x + 2)(x^2 - 2x + 5) &= 0 \Rightarrow \\ x^2 - 2x + 2 = 0 \quad x^2 - 2x + 5 = 0 &\Rightarrow \\ z = 1 \pm i \quad z = 1 \pm 2i \end{aligned}$$

(4)

$$\begin{aligned} z_1 &= f(a) + g(S)i & z_2 &= g(a) + f(S)i & a < S. \\ \mu & & \mu & & \mu \\ f(\) &= g(\) = 1 & C_f & C_g & M(a,1). \\ g & & \mathbb{R} & \mu & g(x) \neq 0 & x. & g & \mu, \\ g(\) &= 1 & g(x) & > 0 & x. \\ g(\) &= 2(\ & 1 & g & 1-1) \\ f(\) &= -1(\ & 1 & f & 1-1, & f(x) > -2 \\ & f) \end{aligned}$$

(4)

$\frac{\mu}{f} : \mu \quad f \quad 1-1 \quad \mu$
$\frac{\mu}{f} : \mu \quad f \quad 1-1 \quad \mu$
$f(\) < f(\) \quad f(\) > f(\) \quad (1)$
$f(\) < f(\) < f(\) \quad \mu \quad \mu \quad \mu \quad f(\) < f(\) \quad (1)$
$f(c) = f(\) \quad f \quad 1-1. \quad \mu \quad c \in (r, S)$

$$\begin{aligned} \mu & a < S \Rightarrow f(a) > f(S) \quad \mathbb{R}. \\ h(x) &= f(x) - g(x) \quad \mathbb{R}. \\ x_1 &< x_2 \Rightarrow f(x_1) > f(x_2) \quad (1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 < x_2 \Rightarrow f(x_1) > f(x_2) & (1) & x_1 < x_2 \Rightarrow g(x_1) < g(x_2) \Rightarrow -g(x_1) > -g(x_2) & (2) \\ \mu & & f(x_1) - g(x_1) > f(x_2) - g(x_2) \Rightarrow h(x_1) > h(x_2) & h \\ \mathbb{R} \mu & & (h(a) = f(a) - g(a) = 0) \end{aligned}$$

μ .

(4) f $[r, s]$, $f(r)f(s) = -1 < 0$.
 μ Bolzano, $f(x) = 0$ μ x_1 (r, s) .
 f μ , μ .

(4) μ (4) $x_1 \in (r, s)$ $f(x_1) = 0 \Rightarrow x_1 = f^{-1}(0)$
 $f^{-1}(0) \in (r, s) \Rightarrow a < f^{-1}(0) < s$ (3)
 $x_2 \in (r, s)$ $g(x_2) = \frac{3}{2}$
 $T(x) = g(x) - \frac{3}{2}$ $[r, s]$ $T(r) < 0$

($T(r) = g(r) - \frac{3}{2} = -\frac{1}{2} < 0$ $T(s) = g(s) - \frac{3}{2} = \frac{1}{2} > 0$)
 .Bolzano $x_2 \in (r, s)$

$$T(x_2) = 0 \Rightarrow g(x_2) = \frac{3}{2} \Rightarrow g^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) = x_2$$

$$g^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) \in (r, s) \Rightarrow a < g^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) < s \quad (4)$$

μ (3) (4) μ :

$$2a < f^{-1}(0) + g^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) < 2s \Rightarrow a < \frac{f^{-1}(0) + g^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)}{2} < s \Rightarrow a < \dots < s$$